

Microbiological Hydroxylation. Part XX.¹ Hydroxylation of Dioxygenated 5 α -Androstanes with the Fungi *Absidia regnieri* and *Syncephalastrum racemosum*

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Dioxygenated androstanes are readily hydroxylated by the title fungi. Although complex mixtures are generally formed, 3 β -hydroxy-5 α -androstan-7-one is converted efficiently into its 12 α -hydroxy-derivative (51% yield) by *S. racemosum*. The poor steroid recoveries of incubations involving 3,17-dioxygenated substrates and *A. regnieri* are improved by using a medium containing cobalt(II) sulphate: under such conditions 3 β -hydroxy-5 α -androstan-17-one gives 3 β ,9 α -dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-17-one in 49% yield.

ONLY progesterone and its derivatives appear to have been used as substrates in previous work² on steroid hydroxylation with the fungi *Absidia regnieri* and *Syncephalastrum racemosum*. Progesterone was transformed into a range of products by both fungi, *viz.*

¹ Part XIX, Sir Ewart R. H. Jones, G. D. Meakins, J. O. Miners, J. Pragnell, and A. L. Wilkins, *J.C.S. Perkin I*, 1975, 1552.

² W. Charney and H. L. Herzog, 'Microbial Transformations of Steroids,' Academic Press, New York, 1967.

³ M. Shirasaka, M. Ozaki, and S. Sugawara, *J. Gen. Appl. Microbiol. (Tokyo)*, 1961, 7, 341.

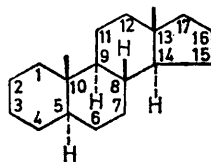
14 α - and 15 β -mono-, 6 β ,14 α - and 7 β ,14 α -di-, and 7 β -, 14 α ,15 β -tri-hydroxylated derivatives with *A. regnieri*,³ and 15 β -mono- and 6 β ,11 α -, 6 β ,15 β -, 7 β ,14 α -, and 7 β ,15 β -di-hydroxylated derivatives with *S. racemosum*.⁴ Incubations^{5,6} of 17 α -hydroxyprogesterone and cortexolone

⁴ Y. Sato, T. Tanaka, and K. Tsuda, *Chem. and Pharm. Bull. (Japan)*, 1963, 11, 1579; K. Tsuda, T. Asai, Y. Sato, T. Tanaka, and M. Kato, *J. Gen. Appl. Microbiol. (Tokyo)*, 1959, 5, 1.

⁵ M. Shirasaka, *Chem. and Pharm. Bull. (Japan)*, 1961, 9, 59.

⁶ K. Tsuda, T. Asai, E. Ohki, A. Tanaka, and M. Hattori, *Chem. and Pharm. Bull. (Japan)*, 1958, 6, 387.

TABLE I
Hydroxylations with *Absidia regnieri* (Ar) and *Syncephalastrum racemosum* (Sr)



5 α -Androstane

The substrates, all derivatives of 5 α -androstan-3-one, are indicated by abbreviated names, *e.g.* 3 β -OH-17-CO represents 3 β -hydroxy-5 α -androstan-17-one. In the 'products' columns those oxygen functions introduced during the incubation are in bold type. The substrates were introduced as solutions in ethanol and incubated for the times (usually 4 days) specified in the Experimental section. The yields are calculated after making allowance for recovered starting material.

Substrate	Fungus	Substrate recovered	Main hydroxylation product(s)	Other products	%
3-CO	Ar	55%	9 α , 15 β - (OH) ₂	9 α - OH	4
3,7-(CO) ₂	Ar	0	3 β , 11 α - (OH) ₂	Δ^1 - 17-CO	3
	Sr	3	3 β , 12 α - (OH) ₂	11 α - OH	1
				3 β , 12 β - (OH) ₂	6
				7 α ,9 α - (OH) ₂	5
				1 β - OH	3
				11 α - OH	2
				12 α - OH	2
				7 α ,9 α ,11 α - (OH) ₃	2
9 α -OH-3-CO	Ar	82	None isolated		
	Sr	10	3 β , 12 α - (OH) ₂		12
3,11-(CO) ₂	Ar	0	$\Delta^1,4$ - 17 β - OH	$\Delta^1,4$ - 16 β - OH	4
				$\Delta^1,4$ - 17-CO	2
				16-CO	2
	Sr		$\Delta^1,4$ - 16 β - OH	$\Delta^1,4$ - 17 β - OH	9
				$\Delta^1,4$ - 17-CO	9
11 α -OH-3-CO	Ar	49	None isolated		
	Sr	25	3 β , 7 β - (OH) ₂	7 β - OH	17
12 α -OH-C-CO	Ar	53		3 β - OH	4
	Sr	65		3 β - OH	10
3,17-(CO) ₂	Ar	0	9 α - OH	3 β - OH	6
			7 α ,9 α - (OH) ₂	7 α - OH	10
			11 α - OH	3 β , 9 α - (OH) ₃	5
	Ar *	0	$\Delta^1,4$ - 11 α - OH	3 β , 11 α - (OH) ₂	11
			11 α - OH	$\Delta^1,4$ - 11 α - OH	9
				9 α - OH	8
				3 β , 9 α - (OH) ₂	7
	Sr	0	3 β , 7 α - (OH) ₂	3 β - OH	7
				3 β , 7 α , 17 β - (OH) ₃	3
				3 β , 9 α - (OH) ₂	2

TABLE I (Continued)

Substrate	Fungus	Substrate recovered	Main hydroxylation product(s)			Other products			%
17 β -OH-3-CO	<i>Ar</i>	5	9 α -	OH	14	7 α , 9 α -	(OH) ₂ -17-CO	7	
	<i>Ar</i> *	13	9 α -	OH	30	3 β , 9 α -	(OH) ₂	2	
	<i>Sr</i>	0	3 β , 7 α -	(OH) ₂	27	9 α -OH-17-CO	(OH) ₂	8	
17 β -OH-6-CO 3 β -OH-7-CO	<i>Sr</i>	19	11 α -OH-17-CO		23	7 β -	OH	9	
	<i>Ar</i>	5	9 α -	OH	23	3 β , 7 α -	(OH) ₂ -17-CO	4	
3 β -OAc-7-CO- Δ^5	<i>Sr</i>	0	12 α -	OH	51	14 α -	OH	9	
	<i>Ar</i>	0	3 β , 9 α -	(OH) ₂	21	11 α -	OH	5	
7,17-(CO) ₂	<i>Ar</i>	0	3 β , 14 α -	(OH) ₂	19	9 α -	OH	9	
	<i>Sr</i>	0	3 β , 12 α -	(OH) ₂	14	12 β -	OH	8	
17 β -OH-7-CO	<i>Ar</i>	18	3 β -	OH	24	11 α , 17 β -	(OH) ₂	11	
	<i>Sr</i>	0	3 β , 12 β -	(OH) ₂	23	12 β , 17 β -	(OH) ₂	7	
11,17-(CO) ₂	<i>Ar</i>	34	7 α ,	17 β -(OH) ₂	27	5 α ,	17 β -	(OH) ₂	4
	<i>Sr</i>	37	7 α ,	17 β -(OH) ₂	27	7 α -	17 β -	(OH) ₂	3
17 β -OH-11-CO	<i>Ar</i>	63				11 α -	OH	6	
3 β -OH-17-CO	<i>Sr</i>	22				3 β -OH-	17-CO	17	
	<i>Ar</i>	4	9 α -	OH	19	3 β -	12 β -	OH	11
3 β -OH-17,17-O ₂	<i>Ar</i> *	0	9 α -	OH	49	1 β -	17 β -	OH	28
	<i>Sr</i>	0	7 β -	OH	27	5 α ,	17 β -	(OH) ₂	9
3 β -OH-17-CO- Δ^5	<i>Ar</i>	0	7 β ,	17 β -(OH) ₂	24	7 α -	OH	5	
	<i>Sr</i>	0	9 α -OH-17-CO		14	7 α -	17-CO	25	
3 β -OAc-7,17-(CO) ₂ - Δ^5	<i>Ar</i>	16	3 β , 9 α -	(OH) ₂	37	17-CO	17-CO	15	
	<i>Sr</i>	0	Not investigated			7 β -	OH	12	
3 β -OH-17,17-O ₂	<i>Ar</i>	0	7 α , 11 α -	(OH) ₂	39	7 α ,	14 α -	(OH) ₂	4
	<i>Sr</i>	0	7 α -	OH	21	9 α , 14 α -	(OH) ₂	2	
3 β -OH-17-CO- Δ^5	<i>Ar</i>	0	7 β -	OH	17	7 β -	OH	9	
	<i>Sr</i>	0	7 β -	OH	17	7-CO		10	
3 β -OH-17,17-O ₂	<i>Ar</i>	0	9 α -OH-17-CO		14	7 α , 9 α -	(OH) ₂ -17-CO	4	
	<i>Sr</i>	0	7 α , 11 α -	(OH) ₂	39	12, 14 α -	(OH) ₂ -17-CO	4	
3 β -OAc-7,17-(CO) ₂ - Δ^5	<i>Ar</i>	16	3 β , 9 α -	(OH) ₂	37	7 α -	OH	11	
	<i>Sr</i>	0	Not investigated			7-CO		5	
3 β -OAc-7,17-(CO) ₂ - Δ^5	<i>Ar</i>	16	3 β , 9 α -	(OH) ₂	37	3 β ,	14 α -	(OH) ₂	10
	<i>Sr</i>	0	Not investigated						

* Incubation carried out in the presence of cobalt(II) sulphate.

(17 α ,21-dihydroxypregn-4-ene-3,20-dione) also gave mixtures, but with these substrates 11 α -hydroxylation was the main microbiological process. In continuing our work, which is concerned mainly with the hydroxylation of androstane derivatives, both fungi were screened for activity towards mono- and di-oxygenated androstanes. Although hydroxylation of the mono-oxygenated substrates was inconveniently slow, the dioxygenated androstanes were metabolised readily, and a selection of them was used in the detailed study reported here.

A summary of the microbiological results is given in Table 1. The n.m.r. spectra of the steroids, substrates and products, involved here for which spectroscopic data have not appeared in earlier publications are listed in Table 2: the arabic serial number sequence of steroids discussed earlier⁷ is used in this Table, which contains steroids nos. 874—917. A combination of spectrometric and chemical methods was used in establishing the structures of new compounds; their n.m.r. signals appear in Table 2 and the other information required for their characterisation is given in Table 3. Since the

† For details of Supplementary Publications see Notice to Authors No. 7, *J.C.S. Perkin I*, 1974, Index issue.

work involves only routine procedures fully described in earlier Parts the experimental details have been deposited as Supplementary Publication No. SUP 21462 (14 pp., 1 microfiche).†

In general *A. regnieri* and *S. racemosum* give complex mixtures and are therefore less useful than the fungi investigated previously⁸ for preparing oxygenated androstanes of the less common types. [The one notable exception is the efficient 12 α -hydroxylation (51% yield) of 3 β -hydroxy-5 α -androstane-7-one with *S. racemosum*.] However, although most of the products were obtained in rather low yield they include compounds, e.g. 1 α ,17 β -dihydroxy-5 α -androstane-7-one (22%), which would be difficult to obtain by purely chemical methods. Both micro-organisms appear to be short-range hydroxylators, but it is difficult to discern any clear relationship between the positions of the substrates' oxygenated groups and the patterns of hydroxylation.

⁷ A. M. Bell, P. C. Cherry, I. M. Clark, W. A. Denny, Sir Ewart R. H. Jones, G. D. Meakins, and P. D. Woodgate, *J.C.S. Perkin I*, 1972, 2081.

⁸ A. M. Bell, V. E. M. Chambers, Sir Ewart R. H. Jones, G. D. Meakins, W. E. Müller, and J. Pragnell, *J.C.S. Perkin I*, 1974, 312.

TABLE 2
N.m.r. signals

The results, presented in the used earlier,^a were obtained by examining solutions in CDCl₃ at 100 MHz

No.	Compound	τ_2	τ_2 (calc.)	χ CH-OR and other signals
874	Androsta-3,5,8(9)-triene-7,17-dione	19	8.64 8.65	H-3 } 3.78 m (5) H-6 } H-4 }
875	5 α -Androst-1-ene-3,7,17-trione	19	8.70 8.69	H-1 2.89 d (10)
876	5 α -Androstane-3,7,12,17-tetraone	19	8.62 8.59	H-2 4.05 d (10)
877	12 β -Hydroxy-5 α -androstan-3-one	19	8.98 8.96	H-12 6.62 4 (11, 5)
878	1 β -Hydroxy-5 α -androstan-3,7-dione	19	8.68 8.65	H-1 6.17 4 (10, 6)
879	5-Hydroxy-5 α -androstan-7,17-dione	19	8.83 8.83	
880	9 α -Hydroxy-5 α -androstan-3,7-dione	19	8.60 8.57	
881	9 α -Hydroxy-5 α -androstan-3,15-dione	19	8.86 8.84	
882	11 α -Hydroxy-5 α -androstan-6,17-dione	19	9.13 9.13	H-11 5.95 7 (10, 10, 5, 5)
883	12 α -Hydroxy-5 α -androstan-3,7-dione	19	8.72 8.69	H-12 6.15 m (5)
884	14 α -Hydroxy-5 α -androstan-3,7-dione	19	8.72 8.70	
885	1 α ,17 β -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-7-one	19	8.91 8.93	H-1 6.60 m (18)
886	1 β ,17 β -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-7-one	19	8.92 8.89	H-17 6.37 t (8)
887	3 β ,7 α -Diacetoxy-5 α -androstan-17-one	19	9.27 9.27	H-1 6.36 4 (12, 5)
888	3 β ,7 α -Dihydroxyandrost-5-en-17-one	19	8.97 8.94	H-3 5.26 7 (10, 10, 5, 5)
889	3 β ,7 β -Dihydroxyandrost-5-en-17-one	19	9.11 9.10	H-7 4.93 m (7)
890	3 β ,9 α -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-7-one	19	8.80 8.78	H-3 6.41 m (23)
891	9 α -Hydroxy-7-oxo-5 α -androstan-3 β -yl acetate	19	8.77 8.78	H-6 4.34 d (s)
892	3 β ,9 α -Dihydroxyandrost-5-en-7-one	19	8.66 8.65	H-3 6.01 m (11)
893	9 α -Hydroxy-17-oxo-5 α -androstan-3 β -yl acetate	19	9.02 9.02	H-3 6.40 m (24)
894	3 β ,12 α -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-7-one	19	8.93 8.92	H-6 4.65 s
895	3 β ,12 α -Dihydroxyandrost-5-en-7-one	19	8.80 8.77	H-7 6.02 m (16)
896	3 β ,14 α -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-7-one	19	9.24 9.26	H-3 6.38 m (25)
897	3 β ,14 α -Dihydroxyandrost-5-en-7-one	19	8.92 8.91	H-3 6.34 m (18)
898	5,17 β -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-7-one	19	8.78 8.78	H-6 4.25 s
899	5,17 β -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-11-one	19	8.85 8.85	H-3 5.32 m (22)
900	7 α ,9 α -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-3-one	19	8.91 8.88	H-6 4.28 s
901	7 β ,11 α -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-3-one	19	8.82 8.83	H-12 6.16 m (6)
902	7 β ,17 β -Diacetoxy-5 α -androstan-3-one	19	9.21 9.21	H-12 6.39 7 (10, 10, 5, 5)
903	9 α ,15 β -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-3-one	19	8.83 8.83	H-3 6.33 m (17)
904	12 β ,17 β -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-7-one	19	8.93 8.90	H-6 4.27 s
905	3 β ,9 α -Dihydroxyandrost-5-ene-7,17-dione	19	8.63 8.63	H-17 6.33 t (7)
906	3 β ,14 α -Dihydroxyandrost-5-ene-7,17-dione	19	8.76 8.76	H-17 6.15 t (8)
907	7 α ,9 α -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-3,17-dione	19	8.86 8.86	H-7 5.89 m (7)
908	5 α -Androstane-3 β ,7 β ,11 α -triol	19	9.04 9.02	H-7 6.56 m (20)
909	5 α -Androstane-3 β ,9 α ,12 α -triol	19	9.24 9.26	H-11 6.35 m (20)
910	7 α ,9 α -Dihydroxy-17-oxo-5 α -androstan-3 β -yl acetate	19	9.05 9.05	H-3 6.34 m (25)
911	3 β ,7 α ,11 α -Trihydroxyandrost-5-en-17-one *	19	8.94	H-3 5.32 7 (10, 10, 5, 5)
912	3 β ,7 α -Diacetoxy-14 α -hydroxy-5 α -androstan-17-one	19	9.16 9.13	H-7 6.05 m (8)
913	9 α ,14 α -Dihydroxy-17-oxo-5 α -androstan-3 β -yl acetate	19	9.03 9.02	H-3 6.5 m (22)
914	3 β ,12 β ,14 α -Trihydroxy-5 α -androstan-17-one	19	9.13 9.16	H-7 6.35 m (20)
915	3 β ,12 β ,17 β -Trihydroxy-5 α -androstan-7-one	19	8.96 8.93	H-11 6.06 m (20)
916	7 α ,9 α ,11 α -Trihydroxy-5 α -androstan-3-one *	19	8.96	H-3 6.34 m (25)
917	9 α ,14 α -Dihydroxy-3-oxo-5 α -androstan-17 β -yl acetate	19	9.06 9.04	H-12 6.08 m (6)

^a Ref. 7.

* Solution in (CD₃)₂SO.

TABLE 3

Characterisation of new compounds

Compound	M.p. (°C) *	[α] _D ²⁰ †	Analytical figures (%)
Androsta-3,5,8(9)-triene-7,17-dione	193—195	-190 (c)	Found 80.5 7.9 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₂ req. 80.5 7.85
5 α -Androst-1-ene-3,7,17-trione	223—224	+56 (0.2)	Found 75.9 8.1 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 76.0 8.05
5 α -Androstane-3,7,12,17-tetraone	282—285	+153 (0.1)	Found 72.3 7.7 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₄ req. 72.1 7.65
1 β -Hydroxy-5 α -androstan-3,7-dione	181—182	-30 (0.25)	Found 75.2 8.9 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 75.0 9.3
5-Hydroxy-5 α -androstan-3,7-dione	221—222	+42 (0.25)	Found 75.0 9.2 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 75.0 9.3
9 α -Hydroxy-5 α -androstan-3,7-dione	263—265	-68 (0.2)	Found 75.3 9.3 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 75.0 9.3
9 α -Hydroxy-5 α -androstan-3,15-dione	181—183	+36 (1.0)	Found 74.9 9.2 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 75.0 9.3
11 α -Hydroxy-5 α -androstan-6,17-dione	180—182	+45 (0.7)	Found 74.8 9.3 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 75.0 9.3
12 α -Hydroxy-5 α -androstan-3,7-dione	240—243	-19 (0.35)	Found 74.7 9.2 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 75.0 9.3
14 α -Hydroxy-5 α -androstan-3,7-dione	180—182	+29 (0.2)	Found 74.8 9.0 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 75.0 9.3
1 α ,17 β -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-7-one	197—199	-74 (1.0)	Found 74.5 9.9 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 74.5 9.9
1 β ,17 β -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-7-one	200—202	-82 (0.1)	Found 74.5 9.9 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 74.5 9.9
3 β ,7 α -Diacetoxy-5 α -androstan-17-one	183—185	+33 (0.5)	Found 70.75 8.8 C ₂₃ H ₃₂ O ₆ req. 70.75 8.8
3 β ,9 α -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-7-one	226—227	-80 (0.85)	Found 74.7 9.7 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 74.5 9.9
9 α -Hydroxy-7-oxo-5 α -androstan-3 β -yl acetate	169—170	-75 (0.3)	Found 72.3 9.1 C ₂₁ H ₃₀ I ₄ req. 72.4 9.25
3 β ,9 α -Dihydroxyandrost-5-en-7-one	201—203	-115 (1.05)	Found 74.6 9.3 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 75.0 9.3
9 α -Hydroxy-17-oxo-5 α -androstan-3 β -yl acetate	177—179	+53 (0.5)	Found 72.4 9.1 C ₂₁ H ₃₀ O ₄ req. 72.4 9.25
3 β ,12 α -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-7-one	230—232	-32 (1.0)	Found 74.2 9.7 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 74.5 9.9
3 β ,12 α -Dihydroxyandrost-5-en-7-one	206—209	-107 (0.2)	Found 74.9 9.15 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 75.0 9.3
3 β ,14 α -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-7-one	204—205	+32 (0.1)	Found 74.5 9.9 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 74.5 9.9
3 β ,14 α -Dihydroxyandrost-5-en-7-one	218—219	-108 (0.7)	Found 74.7 9.2 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 75.0 9.3
5,17 β -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-7-one	155—156	-33 (0.25)	Found 74.6 10.0 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 74.5 9.9
5,17 β -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-11-one	211—213	-7 (0.4)	Found 74.5 9.7 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 74.5 9.9
7 α ,9 α -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-3-one	243—245	-68 (0.1)	Found 74.5 9.9 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 74.5 9.9
7 β ,11 α -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-3-one	221—223	+16 (1.6)	Found 74.6 9.8 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 74.5 9.9
7 β ,17 β -Diacetoxy-5 α -androstan-3-one	180—182	+53 (0.2)	Found 70.95 8.8 C ₂₃ H ₃₂ O ₆ req. 70.75 8.8
9 α ,15 β -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-3-one	179—180	-21 (0.6)	Found 74.5 9.9 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 74.5 9.9
12 β ,17 β -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-7-one	122—123	-67 (0.2)	Found 74.5 9.9 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 74.5 9.9
3 β ,9 α -Dihydroxyandrost-5-ene-7,17-dione	234—236	-71 (0.5)	Found 71.5 8.05 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₄ req. 71.7 8.2
3 β ,14 α -Dihydroxyandrost-5-ene-7,17-dione	246—249	-69 (0.2)	Found 71.5 8.4 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₄ req. 71.7 8.2
7 α ,9 α -Dihydroxy-5 α -androstan-3,17-dione	267—268	+58 (0.7)	Found 71.2 8.6 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 71.2 8.8
5 α -Androstane-3 β ,7 β ,11 α -triol	186—188 †	+9 §	Found 74.1 10.6 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 74.0 10.5
5 α -Androstane-3 β ,9 α ,12 α -triol	283—286 †	-20 §	Found 73.9 10.3 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₃ req. 74.0 10.5
7 α ,9 α -Dihydroxy-17-oxo-5 α -androstan-3 β -yl acetate	213—215	+31 (0.35)	Found 69.25 8.7 C ₂₃ H ₃₂ O ₆ req. 69.2 8.85
3 β ,7 α ,11 α -Trihydroxyandrost-5-ene-17-one	236—238	-58 (1.0)	Found 71.0 8.6 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₄ req. 71.2 8.8
3 β ,7 α -Diacetoxy-14 α -hydroxy-5 α -androstan-17-one	226—229	+53 (0.3)	Found 68.2 8.2 C ₂₃ H ₃₂ O ₆ req. 67.95 8.4
9 α ,14 α -Dihydroxy-17-oxo-5 α -androstan-3 β -yl acetate	228—230	+25 (0.35)	Found 69.25 8.8 C ₂₃ H ₃₂ O ₆ req. 69.2 8.85
3 β ,12 β ,14 α -Trihydroxy-5 α -androstan-17-one	108—111	+41 (0.7)	Found 70.4 9.2 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₄ req. 70.8 9.4
3 β ,12 β ,17 β -Trihydroxy-5 α -androstan-7-one	214—216	-57 (0.25)	Found 70.6 9.8 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₄ req. 70.8 9.4
7 α ,9 α ,11 α -Trihydroxy-5 α -androstan-3-one	227—230	-70 (0.15)	Found 70.7 9.6 C ₁₉ H ₂₈ O ₄ req. 70.8 9.4
9 α ,14 α -Dihydroxy-3-oxo-5 α -androstan-17 β -yl acetate	209—212	+12 (0.5)	Found 69.0 8.7 C ₂₃ H ₃₂ O ₆ req. 69.2 8.85

* From Me₂CO-hexane unless otherwise indicated † CHCl₃ as solvent unless otherwise indicated. ‡ From aqueous MeOH. § MeOH as solvent.

It seemed possible that the poor steroid recovery (substrate plus products) in some of the incubations might stem from initial 9 α -hydroxylation, since this process is known⁹ to be important in the microbiological

⁹ C. J. Sih, S. S. Lee, Y. Y. Tsong, and K. C. Wang, *J. Biol. Chem.*, 1966, **241**, 140; D. T. Gibson, K. C. Wang, C. J. Sih, and H. Whitlock, *ibid.*, p. 551; K. Schubert, K. Bohme, and C. Hord, *Steroids*, 1964, **4**, 581.

degradation of steroids. Several incubations were therefore repeated using a medium containing cobalt(II) sulphate, a reagent which has been reported¹⁰ to inhibit hydroxylation at tertiary positions, but only those involving *A. regnieri* and 3,17-dioxygenated androstanes were appreciably affected. In the three such cases (Table 1) the total recoveries were improved, but other, unexpected, changes also occurred: while 17 β -hydroxy-5 α -androstane-3-one and the 3 β -hydroxy-17-ketone gave much greater amounts of the 9 α -hydroxy-derivatives, the opposite behaviour was found with 5 α -androstane-3,17-dione, which underwent 11 α -hydroxylation and

ring A dehydrogenation as the main processes. (Some analogy for the dehydrogenation is found in the conversion of androst-4-ene-3,17-dione into the $\Delta^{1,4}$ -diketone by *Mycobacterium smegmatis* in the presence of cobalt sulphate.¹⁰)

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¹⁰ G. Wix, K. G. Buki, E. Tomorkeny, and G. Ambrus, *Steroids*, 1968, **11**, 401.